1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

Identification of the substance or preparation

- **Product name**: LEWATIT MonoPlus S 100 H
- **Use of the substance/preparation**: Ion exchange, resins and catalysts
- **Supplier/Manufacturer**: LANXESS Deutschland GmbH, Industrial & Environmental Affairs 51369 Leverkusen, Germany, Telephone: +49 214 30 65109 E-mail: infosds@lanxess.com
- **Emergency telephone number**: +49 214 30 99300 (Sicherheitszentrale CHEMPARK Leverkusen)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

- **Human health hazards**: Risk of serious damage to eyes.
- See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Product definition (REACH)**: Preparation styrene-divinylbenzene-acrylonitrile-copolymer with sulphonic acid groups

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>EC number</th>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>REACH number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>styrene-divinylbenzene-acrylonitrile-copolymer with sulphonic acid groups</td>
<td>68442-37-5</td>
<td>47 - 53</td>
<td></td>
<td>Xi; R41</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**First-aid measures**

- **Inhalation**: Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Date of issue**: 2009-06-03
Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

See section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable : In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or CO₂.
Not suitable : None known.

Special exposure hazards : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Hazardous combustion products : No specific data.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spill material. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spill material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

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**Large spill**
Move containers from spill area. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

**Small spill**
Move containers from spill area. Vacuum or sweep up material and place in a designated, labelled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### Handling
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

### Storage
Store between the following temperatures: -20 to 40°C (-4 to 104°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Packaging materials

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recommended</th>
<th>Remarks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use original container.</td>
<td>Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Do not allow to dry out.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### Exposure limit values
Not available.

### Recommended monitoring procedures
If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

### Risk management measures

### Occupational exposure controls

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Technical measures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Personal protection measures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009-06-03</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. After contamination with product change the gloves immediately and dispose of them according to relevant national and local regulations. <1 hours (breakthrough time): PVC, nitrile rubber, Polychloroprene - CR

Eye protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields

Skin protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Environmental exposure controls

Technical measures: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

General information

Appearance
Physical state: Solid. [beads]
Colour: Brown.
Odour: Odourless.

Important health, safety and environmental information
pH: 1 [Conc. (% w/w): 10%]
Density: 1.22 kg/L (20 °C)
Bulk density: 770 kg/m³
Ignition temperature: >250°C

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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid: Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Separate from oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Potential acute health effects
Acute toxicity:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Test</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LEWATIT MonoPlus S100 H</td>
<td>LD50</td>
<td>* Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5000</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>mg/kg</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Test results on an analogous product

Irritation/Corrosion:

Skin: Non-irritating *Test results on an analogous product
Eyes: Severe irritant. Risk of serious damage to eyes. *Test results on an analogous product

Over-exposure signs/symptoms:

Eyes: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Remarks: The product is insoluble in water. Therefore, ecological tests have not been conducted.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Methods of disposal: Examine possibilities for re-utilisation. Product residues and uncleaned empty containers should be packaged, sealed, labelled, and disposed of or recycled according to relevant national and local regulations. Where large quantities are concerned, consult the supplier. When uncleaned empty containers are passed on, the recipient must be warned of any possible hazard that may be caused by residues. For disposal within the EC, the appropriate code according to the European Waste List (EWL) should be used.

Date of issue: 2009-06-03
It is among the tasks of the polluter to assign the waste to waste codes specific to industrial sectors and processes according to the European Waste List (EWL).

### Hazardous waste

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>PG</th>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Additional information</th>
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<td>ADR/RID</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>GGVSE</td>
<td>-</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
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<tr>
<td>ADNR</td>
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<tr>
<td>IMDG</td>
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<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
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<tr>
<td>IATA</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**PG:** Packing group

Not dangerous cargo.
Irritating to the eyes.
Avoid temperatures below -20 °C.
Avoid heat above +40 °C.
Keep separated from foodstuffs.

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### EU regulations

Classification and labeling have been determined according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments) and take into account the intended product use.

Industrial applications.

**Hazard symbol or symbols**

![Irritant](image)

**Risk phrases**

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

**Safety phrases**

S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
S39- Wear eye/face protection.

**Date of issue**

2009-06-03
### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3 - Europe</th>
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<tr>
<td>R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes.</td>
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#### History

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<th>Date of printing</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date of issue</td>
<td>2009-06-03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of previous issue</td>
<td>2008-11-13</td>
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<tr>
<td>Version</td>
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</table>

- Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

*The data given here is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe the products in terms of their safety requirements. The above details do not imply any guarantee concerning composition, properties or performance.*